Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

School District Officials
June 30, 2024

Board Members

Lance Hageman Board President Jessica Anderson Member Lori Hyland Member Carrie Schiernbeck Member Tyler Pickard Member
Dawn HoekeSuperintendent
Crystal HansenBusiness Manager

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

School Board Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District 39-6 Rutland, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District 39-6, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2024 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2024, which was qualified because the School district did not adopt Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, fiduciary Activities.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oldham-Ramona-Rutland's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Oldham-Ramona-Rutland's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Elk Point, South Dakota

C10 Rf LRC

October 2, 2024

Schedule of Prior and Current Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prior Audit Findings

There are no prior other audit findings to report.

Current Audit Findings

There are no current audit findings to report.



Independent Auditor's Report

School Board Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District 39-6 Rutland, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District No. 39-6, Rutland, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2024, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Oldham-Ramona-Rutland's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, except for the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions" section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District 39-6 as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements` relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified audit opinions.

The School District did not adopt Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which is a departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP). The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses/expenditures of the governmental activities, the general governmental fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information is not reasonably determinable.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standard* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and Schedule of School District Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2024, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Elk Point, South Dakota

C10 Ry LRC

October 2, 2024

Statement of Net Position – Government-Wide June 30, 2024

	Primary G	overnment	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,590,594	\$ 63,039	\$ 6,653,633
Accounts receivable		1,142	1,142
Taxes receivable	1,572,717		1,572,717
Inventories		4,957	4,957
Other assets	139,369		139,369
Net pension asset	11,946		11,946
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	4,848		4,848
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	3,075,293	6,740	3,082,033
Total Assets	11,394,767	75,878	11,470,645
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension-related deferred outflows	990,792		990,792
Liabilities:			
Unearned revenue		3,612	3,612
Other current liabilities	559,806	801	560,607
Due in more than one year	30,059		30,059
Total Liabilities	589,865	4,413	594,278
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Taxes levied for future periods	1,561,372		1,561,372
Pension related deferred inflows	611,114		611,114
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,172,486		2,172,486
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	3,080,141	6,740	3,086,881
Restricted for:	4 272 556		4 272 550
Capital outlay	4,372,556		4,372,556
Special education	535,466		535,466
SDRS pension purposes	391,624		391,624
Unrestricted	1,243,421	64,725	1,308,146
Total Net Position	\$ 9,623,208	\$ 71,465	\$ 9,694,673

Statement of Activities – Government-Wide June 30, 2024

) Revenues and Net Position	
		Program	Revenues	Primary G		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services Interest on long-term debt Cocurricular activities	\$ 3,057,608 2,050,667 16,354 205,861	\$ 24,556	\$ 495,991	\$ (2,561,617) (2,050,667) (16,354) (181,305)	\$ 	\$ (2,561,617) (2,050,667) (16,354) (181,305)
Total Governmental Activities	5,330,490	24,556	495,991	(4,809,943)		(4,809,943)
Business-Type Activities: Food service Driver's education	240,231 15,022	97,119 21,075	88,812 	 	(54,300) 6,053	(54,300) 6,053
Total Business Type Activities	255,253	118,194	88,812		(48,247)	(48,247)
Total Primary Government	\$ 5,585,743	\$ 142,750	\$ 584,803	(4,809,943)	(48,247)	(4,858,190)
		General Revenues: Taxes:				
		Property tax Gross receip	ots taxes	3,475,530 39,585	 	3,475,530 39,585
		Revenue from state sources: State aid Other		1,664,424 5,326	 	1,664,424 5,326
		Unrestricted investment earnings Other general revenues		76 62,498	 	76 62,498
	1	otal General Reven	ues and Transfers	5,247,439		5,247,439
	Change in Net Position		437,496	(48,247)	389,249	
		Net Position	- Beginning of Year	9,185,712	119,712	9,305,424
		Net Positi	ion - Ending of Year	\$ 9,623,208	\$ 71,465	\$ 9,694,673

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,507,581	\$ 4,461,575	\$ 621,438	\$ 6,590,594
Taxes receivable - current	604,198	674,068	283,106	1,561,372
Taxes receivable - delinquent	5,940	3,214	2,191	11,345
Due from other governments	81,078	58,291		139,369
Total Assets	\$ 2,198,797	\$ 5,197,148	\$ 906,735	\$ 8,302,680
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,462	\$ 150,524	\$ 32,027	\$ 185,013
Contracts payable	268,073		17,228	285,301
Payroll deductions and withholding and				
employer matching payable	50,584		38,908	89,492
Total Liabilities	321,119	150,524	88,163	559,806
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Taxes levied for future period	604,198	674,068	283,106	1,561,372
Delinquent taxes not available	5,940	3,214	2,191	11,345
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	610,138	677,282	285,297	1,572,717
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				
For capital outlay		4,369,342		4,369,342
For special education			533,275	533,275
Unassigned	1,267,540			1,267,540
Total Fund Balances	1,267,540	4,369,342	533,275	6,170,157
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,198,797	\$ 5,197,148	\$ 906,735	\$ 8,302,680

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,170,157
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	3,080,141
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability and therefore are not reported in the funds.	990,792
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(30,059)
Assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Assets at year end consist of:	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	11,345
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	11,946
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(611,114)
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 9,623,208

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Revenues Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 1,440,626 \$ 1,359,549 \$ 653,403 \$ 3,453,578 Prior years' ad valorem taxes 14,706 6,386 3,906 24,998 Utility taxes 39,585 39,585 Penalties and interest on taxes 9,527 2,035 357 11,919 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 76 76 Cocurricular Activities: 30,00 24,998 11,522 76 Admissions 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522 11,522		General	Capital Outlay	Special Education		•		Total Governmental Funds
Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 1,440,626 \$ 1,359,549 \$ 653,403 \$ 3,453,788 Prior years' ad valorem taxes 14,706 6,386 3,906 24,998 Utility taxes 39,585 39,585 Penalties and interest on taxes 9,527 2,035 357 11,919 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 76 76 Cocurricular Activities: 11,522 Admissions 11,522 11,522 Other student activity income 13,034 11,522 Other Revenue from Local Sources 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: 3,496 County apportionment 3,496	Revenues							
Ad valorem taxes \$ 1,440,626 \$ 1,359,549 \$ 653,403 \$ 3,453,778 Prior years' ad valorem taxes 14,706 6,386 3,906 24,998 Utility taxes 39,585 39,585 Penalties and interest on taxes 9,527 2,035 357 11,919 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 76 76 Cocurricular Activities: Admissions 11,522 11,522 Other student activity income 13,034 11,522 Other Revenue from Local Sources 13,034 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: 3,496 County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Reve	Revenue from Local Sources:							
Prior years' ad valorem taxes 14,706 6,386 3,906 24,998 Utility taxes 39,585 39,585 Penalties and interest on taxes 9,527 2,035 357 11,919 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 76 76 Cocurricular Activities: 76 Courricular Activities: 11,522 11,522 Admissions 11,522 11,522 Other student activity income 13,034 13,034 Other student activity income 13,034 12,364 Other Revenue from Local Sources 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: <td>Taxes:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Taxes:							
Utility taxes39,58539,585Penalties and interest on taxes9,5272,03535711,919Earnings on Investments and Deposits7676Cocurricular Activities:76Admissions11,52211,522Other student activity income13,03413,034Other Revenue from Local Sources12,36412,364Rentals1,23641,637Charges for services317516833Other18,12519,80337,928Revenue from Intermediate Sources:3,496County Sources:3,496Revenue from State Sources:3,496Grants-in-Aid:1,664,424Unrestricted grants-in-aid5,3261,664,424Revenue from Federal Sources:3,9092,3316,240Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source3,9092,3316,240Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source3,9092,3316,240Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source3,9092,3316,240	Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,440,626	\$ 1,359,549	\$ 653	,403	\$ 3,453,578		
Penalties and interest on taxes 9,527 2,035 357 11,919 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 76 76 Cocurricular Activities: Admissions 11,522 11,522 Other student activity income 13,034 13,034 Other Revenue from Local Sources Rentals 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041	Prior years' ad valorem taxes	14,706	6,386	3	,906	24,998		
Earnings on Investments and Deposits 76 76 Cocurricular Activities: Admissions 11,522 11,522 Other student activity income 13,034 13,034 Other Revenue from Local Sources Rentals 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Utility taxes	39,585				39,585		
Cocurricular Activities: Admissions 11,522 11,522 Other student activity income 13,034 13,034 Other Revenue from Local Sources Rentals 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Penalties and interest on taxes	9,527	2,035		357	11,919		
Admissions 11,522 11,522 Other student activity income 13,034 13,034 Other Revenue from Local Sources Rentals 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Earnings on Investments and Deposits	76				76		
Other student activity income 13,034 Other Revenue from Local Sources Rentals 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Cocurricular Activities:							
Other Revenue from Local Sources Rentals 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Admissions	11,522				11,522		
Rentals 12,364 12,364 Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Other student activity income	13,034				13,034		
Contributions and donations 1,637 1,637 Charges for services 317 516 833 Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Other Revenue from Local Sources							
Charges for services Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Rentals	12,364				12,364		
Other 18,125 19,803 37,928 Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 164,774 322,176 486,950	Contributions and donations	1,637				1,637		
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 164,774 322,176 486,950	Charges for services	317			516	833		
County Sources: County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Other	18,125	19,803			37,928		
County apportionment 3,496 3,496 Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 164,774 322,176 486,950	Revenue from Intermediate Sources:							
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	County Sources:							
Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted grants-in-aid Restricted grants-in-aid Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source government through an intermediate source Federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	County apportionment	3,496				3,496		
Unrestricted grants-in-aid 1,664,424 1,664,424 Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Revenue from State Sources:							
Restricted grants-in-aid 5,326 5,326 Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Grants-in-Aid:							
Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Unrestricted grants-in-aid	1,664,424				1,664,424		
Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Restricted grants-in-aid	5,326				5,326		
government through an intermediate source 3,909 2,331 6,240 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Revenue from Federal Sources:							
Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federa	I						
government through an intermediate source 9,041 9,041 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	government through an intermediate source		3,909	2	,331	6,240		
Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal							
federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	government through an intermediate source	9,041				9,041		
federal government through the state 164,774 322,176 486,950	-							
Total Revenues \$ 3,408,580 \$ 1,713,858 \$ 660,513 \$ 5,782,951		164,774	322,176			486,950		
	Total Revenues	\$ 3,408,580	\$ 1,713,858	\$ 660	,513	\$ 5,782,951		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Instructional Services: Regular Programs: Elementary \$ 949,383 \$ 26,001 \$ - \$ 975,384 \$ 100,517 \$ - \$ 541,055 \$ 140,558		General		Capital Outlay	Special ducation	Gov	Total ernmental Funds	
Regular Programs: Elementary	<u>Expenditures</u>							
Elementary \$ 949,383 \$ 26,001 \$ \$ 975,384 Middle/Junior high 440,538 100,517 541,055 High school 670,901 49,631 720,532 Special Programs: 522,520 522,520 Educationally deprived 182,582 182,582 Support Services: Support Services: 101,804 Health 9,360 9,360 Psychological services 22,664 22,664 Student therapy services 20,664 22,664 Student therapy services 7,298 20 7,298 20 83,470 83,470 83,470 85,345 85,345 246,744 <	-							
Elementary \$ 949,383 \$ 26,001 \$ \$ 975,384 Middle/Junior high 440,538 100,517 541,055 High school 670,901 49,631 720,532 Special Programs: 522,520 522,520 Educationally deprived 182,582 182,582 Support Services: Support Services: 101,804 Health 9,360 9,360 Psychological services 22,664 22,664 Student therapy services 20,664 22,664 Student therapy services 7,298 20 7,298 20 83,470 83,470 83,470 85,345 85,345 246,744 <	Regular Programs:							
Middle/junior high High school 440,538 100,517 — 541,055 High school 670,901 49,631 — 720,532 Special Pedrograms: Programs for special education — — 522,520 522,520 Educationally deprived 182,582 — — 522,520 522,520 Support Services: Students: — — — 101,804 Health — — — 9,360 9,360 Psychological services — — — 22,664 22,664 Student therapy services — — — 9,360 9,360 Psychological services — — — 5,965 5,965 Istudent therapy services — — — 5,965 5,965 Improvement of instruction 7,298 — — 7,298 — — 7,298 Educational media 83,470 — — 83,470 — — 83,470 — —<		\$	949,383	\$ 26,001	\$ 	\$	975,384	
High school G70,901 49,631	·							
Special Programs: Programs for special education 522,520 522,520 Educationally deprived 182,582 182,582 Support Services: Students: 101,804 Health 9,360 9,360 Psychological services 22,664 22,664 Student therapy services 5,965 5,965 Instructional Staff 7,298 Educational media 83,470 83,470 General Administration 246,744 85,345 Executive administration 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 212,219 17,563 117,177 Business: Fiscal services 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 493,005 Student transportation 190,170								
Programs for special education 522,520 522,520 Educationally deprived 182,582 182,582 Support Services: Students: 101,804 Guidance 101,804 9,360 9,360 Psychological services 5,965 5,965 Student therapy services 5,965 5,965 Instructional Staff 5,965 5,965 Instructional Staff 83,470 General Administration 85,345 85,345 Executive administration 85,345 246,744 School Administration: 117,177 117,177 Business: 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005<								
Educationally deprived 182,582					522,520		522,520	
Students: Students: Students: Students:			182.582		, 			
Students: Guidance 101,804 101,804 Health 9,360 9,360 Psychological services 5,965 5,965 Instructional Staff 5,965 5,965 Improvement of instruction 7,298 83,470 General Administration 85,345 246,744 School Administration: 246,744 School Administration: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 <t< td=""><td>• •</td><td></td><td>- ,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>, , , ,</td></t<>	• •		- ,				, , , ,	
Guidance 101,804 9,360 9,360 Psychological services 22,664 22,664 Student therapy services 5,965 5,965 Instructional Staff 7,298 Improvement of instruction 7,298 83,470 General Administration 85,345 85,345 Executive administration: 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 212,177 117,177 Business: 15,269 117,177 Business: 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 16,354 Special Education: 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 16,354								
Health	Guidance		101,804				101,804	
Psychological services 5,965 5,965 Student therapy services 5,965 5,965 Instructional Staff 7,298 7,298 Educational media 83,470 83,470 General Administration 85,345 246,744 School Administration: 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 117,177 Business: Fiscal services 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education costs 16,354 163,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: <td< td=""><td>Health</td><td></td><td>, </td><td></td><td>9.360</td><td></td><td>•</td></td<>	Health		, 		9.360		•	
Student therapy services 5,965 5,965 Instructional Staff 7,298 7,298 Improvement of instruction 7,298 83,470 General Administration 83,470 83,470 General Administration 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 165,269 117,177 Business: 165,269 165,269 165,269 165,269 165,269 165,269 165,269 165,269 165,269								
Instructional Staff Improvement of instruction 7,298 7,298 7,298 8,470 7,298 8,470 8,3470 8							•	
Improvement of instruction					3,333		3,333	
Educational media 83,470 83,470 General Administration 85,345 246,744 Executive administration 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 0ffice of the principal 117,177 117,177 Business: 155,269 165,269 165,269 Facilities acquisition and construction 155,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 44,343 44,788 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815			7.298				7.298	
General Administration 85,345 85,345 Executive administration 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 246,744 School Administration: 117,177 Business: 117,177 Business: 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 103,342 103,342 Debt Services:			•					
Board of education 85,345 85,345 Executive administration 246,744 246,744 School Administration: 117,177 117,177 Business: 141,782 141,782 141,782 141,782 165,269 163,300 221,055 Secial Education: 165,269 165,269 10,342 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>03, 170</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>03, 170</td></td<>			03, 170				03, 170	
Executive administration 246,744 246,744 School Administration: Office of the principal 117,177 117,177 Business: 155 cal services 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Courricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Courricular Activities: 44,343 44,788 Female activities 44,788 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures <			85.345				85.345	
School Administration: Office of the principal 117,177 117,177 Business: Fiscal services 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 44,343 44,788 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891			•				•	
Office of the principal 117,177 117,177 Business: Fiscal services 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Other special education costs 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures			210,711				210,711	
Business: Fiscal services 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Courricular Activities: 44,788 44,343 44,343 44,788 44,788 44,788 10,815			117 177				117 177	
Fiscal services 124,219 17,563 141,782 Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Other special education costs 10,354 16,354 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 16,354 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247			117,177				117,177	
Facilities acquisition and construction 165,269 165,269 Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: 103,342 103,342 Other special education costs 10,354 16,354 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Courricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Courricular Activities: 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources			124 219	17 563			141 782	
Operation and maintenance of plant 413,943 79,062 493,005 Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: Other special education costs 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Courricular Activities: Male activities 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 <td row<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td>12-1,213</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td>12-1,213</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>			12-1,213				•
Student transportation 190,170 30,885 221,055 Special Education: Other special education costs 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>A13 9A3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			A13 9A3					
Special Education: Other special education costs 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Male activities: 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (•					
Other special education costs 103,342 103,342 Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 16,354 16,354 Male activities: 44,343 44,788 Female activities: 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities: 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 <			150,170	30,863			221,033	
Debt Services: 16,354 16,354 Cocurricular Activities: 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 300,000 300,000 Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) 300,000 Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453	•				102 242		102 242	
Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453	•			16 254	105,542		•	
Male activities 44,343 44,343 Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453				10,554			10,334	
Female activities 44,788 44,788 Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453			44 242				44 242	
Transportation 10,815 10,815 Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453			•				•	
Combined activities 76,840 20,863 97,703 Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453								
Capital Outlay 204,891 204,891 Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453				20.962				
Total Expenditures 3,790,360 711,036 663,851 5,165,247 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453			70,840					
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (381,780) 1,002,822 (3,338) 617,704 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453					 			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453	Total Expenditures		3,790,360	 711,036	 663,851		5,165,247	
Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453	Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(381,780)	1,002,822	(3,338)		617,704	
Transfer in 300,000 300,000 Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfer out (300,000) (300,000) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453			300,000				300,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances (81,780) 702,822 (3,338) 617,704 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453				(300.000)				
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 1,349,320 3,666,520 536,613 5,552,453			(81,780)		 (3,338)			
	3		. ,/	, -	()/		, -	
Fund Balance, Ending of Year \$ 1,267,540 \$ 4,369,342 \$ 533,275 \$ 6,170,157	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_		3,666,520	536,613			
	Fund Balance, Ending of Year	\$	1,267,540	\$ 4,369,342	\$ 533,275	\$	6,170,157	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 617,704
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents capital assets purchases which are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements but increase assets on the government wide statements.	204,891
The amount represents the current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities which is not reported on the fund financials because it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(255,568)
The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available."	(14,965)
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in compensated absences liabilities but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses.	(30,059)
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	 (84,507)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 437,496

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

			Enter	prise Funds	S	
		Food		Orivers		
	Service		Ed	lucation		
		Fund		Fund		Totals
Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,125	\$	50,914	\$	63,039
Accounts receivable, net		1,072		70		1,142
Inventory - Supplies		756				756
Inventory - stores for resale		2,533				2,533
Inventory of donated food		1,668				1,668
Total Current Assets		18,154		50,984		69,138
Noncurrent Assets:						
Machinery and equipment - local funds	180,656					180,656
Less accumulated depreciation		(173,916)			(173,916	
Total Noncurrent Assets		6,740				6,740
	•					
Total Assets	\$	24,894	\$	50,984	\$	75,878
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Contracts payable	\$	162	\$	501	\$	663
Accrued payroll expenses		8		130		138
Unearned revenue		3,612				3,612
Total Current Liabilities		3,782		631		4,413
	•					
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		6,740				6,740
Unrestricted net position		14,372		50,353		64,725
Total Net Position	\$	21,112	\$	50,353	\$	71,465

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Enterprise Funds						
		Food		Privers			
	S	ervice	Ed	ucation			
		Fund	Fund		Totals		
Operating Revenue:							
Food Sales:							
Student	\$	91,594	\$		\$	91,594	
Adult		5,237				5,237	
Other charges for goods and services		288		21,075		21,363	
Total Operating Revenue		97,119		21,075		118,194	
Operating Expenses:							
Food Service:							
Salaries		118,256		12,978		131,234	
Employee benefits		13,585		116		13,701	
Purchased services		93			9		
Supplies		8,145	1,928			10,073	
Cost of sales - purchased		90,024				90,024	
Cost of sales - donated		8,066				8,066	
Depreciation		2,062				2,062	
Total Operating Expenses		240,231		15,022		255,253	
Operating Income(Loss)		(143,112)		6,053		(137,059)	
Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses:							
State grants		419				419	
Federal grants		81,061				81,061	
Donated food		7,332				7,332	
Total Nonoperating Revenue/		88,812				88,812	
(Expenses)							
Change in Net Position		(54,300)		6,053		(48,247)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		75,412	\$	44,300		119,712	
Net Position - Ending of Year	\$	\$ 21,112		50,353	\$ 71,465		

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund		Drivers Education Fund			Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Cash receipts from customers	\$	89,332	\$	21,005	\$	110,337
Cash payments to suppliers		(94,844)		(1,928)		(96,772)
Cash payments to employees		(131,671)		(12,463)		(144,134)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		(137,183)		6,614		(130,569)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Cash reimbursements - state		419				419
Cash reimbursements - federal		81,061				81,061
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		81,480				81,480
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(55,703)		6,614		(49,089)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		67,828		44,300		112,128
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	12,125	\$	50,914	\$	63,039
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activites:						
Operating (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities:	\$	(143,112)	\$	6,053	\$	(137,059)
Depreciation expense		2,062				2,062
Value of commodities used		8,066				8,066
Change in Assets and Liabilities:				/>		
Accounts receivable		196		(70)		126
Inventory		3,418				3,418
Deferred revenue		(7,983)				(7,983)
Contracts Payable		162		501		663
Accrued wages and payroll expenses		8		130	_	138
Net cash (used) by operating activities:	\$	(137,183)	\$	6,614	\$	(130,569)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities						
Value of commodities received	\$	7,332	\$		<u>\$</u>	7,332

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	e -Purpose st Funds	Custodial Funds		
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,875	\$	67,042	
Total Assets	\$ 18,875	\$	67,042	
Amount held for others	\$ 	\$	67,042	
Total Liabilities	\$ 	\$	67,042	
Net Position:				
Scholarships	\$ 18,875	\$		
Total Net Position	\$ 18,875	\$		

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		
Additions:		_	
Contributions and donations	\$	8,475	
Total Additions		8,475	
Deductions:			
Other expenses		9,380	
Total Deductions		9,380	
Change in Net Position		(905)	
Net Position - Beginning		19,780	
Net Position - Ending	\$	18,875	

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District 39-6 (School District), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable if its Governing Board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District (primary government). The School District may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the School District.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other School Districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint Ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net Position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding the capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund Types</u> – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund: A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Special Education Fund: A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met:

- 1. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- 2. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- 3. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund: A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Other Enterprise Fund: A fund used to record financial transactions related to after school care services conducted for the benefit of the children. This fund is financed by user charges. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The district maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> – Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The School District maintain only a private-purpose trust fund for scholarships.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Rutland School District 39-4, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2024 are due from federal governments, local governments, rural electric and telephone gross receipts.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

As of June 30, 2024, there are no investments classified in the financial statements.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at the acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant, and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

For governmental activities Capital Assets, construction-period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP. For capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construction period interest is not capitalized in accordance with USGAAP.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The total June 30, 2024 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately less than one percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2024 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	•	talization reshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land*		All		
Buildings	\$	25,000	Straight-line	15-50 years
Improvements		25,000	Straight-line	15-50 years
Equipment		5,000	Straight-line	4-20 years

^{*}Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of accrued leave payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources) and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

g. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1. Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Leases:

The School District does not have any leases. If it did, it would recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$45,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct

costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

i. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements:

The School District does not have any subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) with vendors to use vendor-provided information technology. If it did, the School District would recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset (subscription asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$45,000 or more.

At the commencement of a subscription, the School District initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial implementation costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscription include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The School District uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the School District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

j. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>:

The District reports increases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The only deferred outflow of resources reported is a deferred amount arising from the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 10.

The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This section reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period or periods. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected no later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year). The District reports the following as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds: property taxes levied but not collected within the available period; property taxes collected within the available period that are intended to finance the next fiscal year; and capital credits that are owed to the District but will be received at some point in the future. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports deferred inflows of resources for property taxes levied for a future period and pension-related items. In the business-type activities, the District reports deferred inflows for pension-related items.

k. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

I. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

m. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components:

1. Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- 2. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

n. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

o. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are
 externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the School Board.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The School District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

p. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

q. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. Deposits and Investments, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk:

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA.

In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

2. Deposits and Investments, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk: (Continued)

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentrations of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investment to the General Fund, except for the Food Service Fund which retains its investments income. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other than the fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated, except for the net amounts transferred between governmental activities and business-type activities. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

3. Receivables and Payables:

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. Inventory:

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost.

Inventory for resale is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is the first in, first out method. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

4. Inventory: (Continued)

In the government-wide financial statements and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by Nonspendable Fund Balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. \$441 in inventories were on hand as of June 30, 2024 in the governmental funds.

5. Property Taxes:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual, has been reported as deferred inflows of resources-property taxes levied for future period in both the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

6. Due from Other Governments:

Receivables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year. Amounts due from other governments include reimbursements for various programs. These amounts include \$139,369 due from various county, school, state and federal governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

7. Changes in Capital Assets:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	6/30/2023 Balance Increases		Decreases	6/30/2024 Balance	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,848	\$	\$	\$ 4,848	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,848			4,848	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	4,584,845			4,584,845	
Improvements	232,917			232,917	
Equipment	1,434,744	204,586		1,639,330	
Library Books	25,208	305	380	25,133	
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,277,714	204,891	380	6,482,225	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	2,238,839	136,425		2,375,264	
Improvements	95,222	9,146		104,368	
Equipment	801,625	108,740		910,365	
Library Books	16,058	1,257	380	16,935	
Total accumulated depreciation	3,151,744	255,568	380	3,406,932	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,125,970	(50,677)		3,075,293	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,130,818	\$ (50,677)	\$	\$ 3,080,141	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 115,535
Support services	131,821
Co-curricular activities	8,212
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 255,568

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

7. Changes in Capital Assets: (Continued)

	•	/30/2023 Balance	Inc	creases	Dec	reases	-	/30/2024 Balance
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment	\$	180,656	\$		\$		\$	180,656
Less accumulated depreciation for: Less: Accumulated Depreciation		171,854		2,062				173,916
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	8,802	\$	(2,062)	\$		\$	6,740

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:
Food service \$

Food service \$ 2,062

8. Long-Term Liabilities:

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	6/30	/2023	<u>In</u>	icrease	Decr	ease	6/	30/2024	Due V One	_
Governmental Activities:		-								
Accured leave	\$		\$	30,059	\$		\$	30,059	\$	
Total Governmental Activities	\$		\$	30,059	\$		\$	30,059	\$	

9. Restricted Net Position:

Restricted Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Purpose	Restricted By	Amount			
Major Purposes:					
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 4,372,556			
Special Education	Law	535,466			
SDRS Pension Purposes	Law	391,624			
Total		\$ 5,299,646			

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

10. Pension Plan:

a. <u>Plan Information</u>:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605)773-3731.

b. Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation Members.

Members That were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundations members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earning based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

• Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

10. Pension Plan: (Continued)

- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustments.

c. Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, equal to required contributions each year, were as follows:

Year	Amount
2024	\$ 155,291
2023	189,407
2022	181,036

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2023, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate, shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2023 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$1	7,734,724
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension	1	7,746,670
Proportionate share of net pension (asset)	\$	(11,946)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

10. Pension Plan: (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported an asset of (\$11,946) for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset). The net pension (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension (asset) used to calculate the net pension (asset) was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.12238700%, which is a decrease of -0.0023690% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized a pension expense of \$84,507. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred atflows of esources	In	eferred Iflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	342,857	\$	
Changes in assumption		408,401		596,991
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		79,529		
Changes in proportion and difference between district				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,714		14,123
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		155,291		
Total	\$	990,792	\$	611,114

\$155,291 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2025	\$ 160,195
2026	(183,950)
2027	230,907
2028	 17,235
Total	\$ 224,387

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

10. Pension Plan: (Continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension (asset) in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service

6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation

Discount rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%

Future COLAs 1.91%

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010 Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65

Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until

111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

10. Pension Plan: (Continued)

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public Equity	56.3%	3.8%
Investment Grade Debt	22.8%	1.7%
High Yield Debt	7.0%	2.7%
Real Estate	12.0%	3.5%
Cash	1.9%	0.8%
Total	100.0%	

f. Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability(asset).

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

10. Pension Plan: (Continued)

g. <u>Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u>

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	_1%	6 Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	e 1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of							
net pension (asset)	\$	2,448,412	\$	(11,946)	\$	(2,024,049)	

h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

11. Joint Ventures:

The School District participates in the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing public support services to the member school districts.

Arlington School District No. 38-1	3%	Florence School District No. 14-1	4%
Britton-Hecla School District No. 45-4	6%	Hamlin School District No. 28-3	7%
Castlewood School District No. 28-1	4%	Henry School District No. 14-2	4%
Clark School District No. 12-2	5%	Iroquois School District No. 02-3	3%
DeSmet School District No. 38-2	4%	Lake Preston School District No. 38-3	2%
Deubrook School District No. 5-6	4%	Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District No. 39-5	3%
Deuel School District No. 19-4	6%	Rosholt School District No. 54-4	3%
Elkton School District No. 5-3	4%	Webster Area School District No. 18-5	5%
Enemy Swim Day School	3%	Sioux Valley School District No. 5-5	9%
Estelline School District No. 28-2	4%	Summit School District No. 54-6	3%
Waubay School District No. 18-3	2%	Willow Lake School District No. 12-3	3%
Waverly School District No. 14-5	5%	Wilmot School District No. 54-7	4%

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

11. Joint Ventures: (Continued)

The co-op's governing board is composed of one school board member representative from each member school district. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and for setting service fees as a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The school district retained no equity in the net position of the co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above. Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available for the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative.

	June 30, 202				
Total Assets	\$	2,041,715			
Total Liablities	\$	667,721			
Total Net Position	\$	1,373,994			

12. Risk Management:

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2024, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District purchases coverage from a commercial insurance carrier. Settle claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts, theft, or damage to property, and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The School District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

<u>Unemployment Benefits</u>:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liability resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, no claims for unemployment benefits were paid. At June 30, 2024, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

13. Consolidation Plan:

Effective July 1, 2023 the Oldham-Ramona School District and the Rutland School District were consolidated as the Oldham-Ramona-Rutland School District 39-6. The assets, liabilities, and fund balances/net positions were transferred as part of the beginning balances of the consolidated district as presented on pages 7, 9, 13, 14, and 17.

14. Interfund Transfers:

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

Transfer from the Capital Outlay Fund to the General Fund under \$ 300,000 the allowable percentage permitted by SDCL 13-16-6 to supplement the General Fund Balance with unused Capital Outlay funds.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2024

					ance with al Budget		
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts			Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(N	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
Taxes:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,527,651	\$ 1,527,651	\$ 1,440,626	\$	(87,025)		
Prior years' ad valorem taxes			14,706		14,706		
Utility taxes			39,585		39,585		
Penalties and interest on taxes			9,527		9,527		
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	8,800	8,800	76		(8,724)		
Cocurricular Activities:							
Admissions			11,522		11,522		
Other student activity income			13,034		13,034		
Other Revenue from Local Sources:							
Rentals	33,000	33,000	12,364		(20,636)		
Contributions and donations			1,637		1,637		
Charges for services			317		317		
Other			18,125		18,125		
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:							
County Sources:							
County apportionment	12,000	12,000	3,496		(8,504)		
Revenue from State Sources:							
Grants-in-Aid:							
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	1,623,000	1,623,000	1,664,424		41,424		
Restricted grants-in-aid			5,326		5,326		
Revenue from Federal Sources:							
Grants-in-Aid:							
Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal							
government through an intermediate source			9,041		9,041		
Restricted grants-in-aid received from							
federal government through the state	175,662	175,662	164,774		(10,888)		
Total Revenues	\$ 3,380,113	\$ 3,380,113	\$ 3,408,580	\$	28,467		

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2024 (Continued)

							Fin	iance with al Budget
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual		Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(N	legative)
Expenditures								
Instructional Services:								
Regular Programs:								
Elementary	\$	871,625	\$	947,674	\$	949,383	\$	(1,709)
Middle/junior high		432,701		447,095		440,538		6,557
High school		650,592		656,288		670,901		(14,613)
Special Programs:								
Educationally deprived		174,763		174,763		182,582		(7,819)
Support Services:								
Students:								
Guidance		125,192		125,192		101,804		23,388
Instructional Staff:								
Improvement of instruction		9,000		9,000		7,298		1,702
Educational media		84,533		84,533		83,470		1,063
General Administration:								
Board of education		60,393		60,393		85,345		(24,952)
Executive administration		361,149	361,149		246,744			114,405
School Administration:								
Office of the principal		109,820		109,820		117,177		(7,357)
Business:								
Fiscal services						124,219		(124,219)
Operation and maintenance of plant		429,843		429,843		413,943		15,900
Student transportation		209,278		209,278		190,170		19,108
Cocurricular Activities:								
Male activities		45,886		45,886		44,343		1,543
Female activities		50,128		50,128		44,788		5,340
Transportation		11,355		11,355		10,815		540
Combined activities		68,355		68,355		76,840		(8,485)
Total Expenditures		3,694,613		3,790,752		3,790,360		392
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(314,500)		(410,639)		(381,780)		28,859
Other Financing Sources:								
Operating transfers out		1,500		1,500				(1,500)
Operating transfers in		, 		, 		300,000		300,000
Total Other Financing Sources:		1,500		1,500		300,000		298,500
Net Change in Fund Balances		(313,000)		(409,139)		(81,780)		327,359
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,349,320		1,349,320		1,349,320		
Fund Balance, End of Year		1,036,320	\$	940,181	\$	1,267,540	\$	327,359
				-		-		<u> </u>

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Outlay Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts		legative)	
Revenues									
Revenue from Local Sources:									
Taxes:									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	504,568	\$	504,568	\$	1,359,549	\$	854,981	
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	·	146	·	146		6,386	·	6,240	
Penalties and interest on taxes		674		674		2,035		1,361	
Other Revenue from Local Sources:						•		,	
Other						19,803		19,803	
Revenue from Federal Sources:						•		,	
Grants-in-Aid:									
Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal									
government through an intermediate source						3,909		3,909	
Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal						•		,	
government through the state		44,290		44,290		322,176		277,886	
Total Revenues		549,678		549,678		1,713,858		1,164,180	
		·							
Expenditures									
Instructional Services:									
Regular Programs:									
Elementary		26,500		26,500		26,001		499	
Middle/junior high		15,000		15,000		100,822		(85,822)	
High school		27,905		27,905		49,631		(21,726)	
Support Services:									
Business:									
Fiscal services		6,000		6,000		17,563		(11,563)	
Facilities acquisition and construction		22,000		34,859		165,269		(130,410)	
Operation and maintenance of plant		15,000		25,156		99,378		(74,222)	
Student transportation		180,000		180,000		215,155		(35,155)	
Debt Services:		249,273		472,618		16,354		456,264	
Cocurricular Activities:									
Combined Activities		8,000		17,599		20,863		(3,264)	
Total Expenditures		549,678		805,637		711,036		94,601	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)									
Expenditures				(255,959)		1,002,822		1,258,781	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						(200,000)		(200,000)	
Transfers out						(300,000)		(300,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances				(255,959)		702,822		958,781	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		3,666,520		3,666,520		3,666,520			
Fund Balance, End of Year		3,666,520	\$	3,410,561	\$	4,369,342	\$	958,781	
					_				

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Α	mounts	(N	egative)
Revenues								_
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Taxes								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	630,970	\$	630,970	\$	653,403	\$	22,433
Prior years' ad valorem taxes		2,000		2,000		3,906		1,906
Penalties and interest on taxes		1,500		1,500		357		(1,143)
Other Revenue from Local Sources:								
Charges for services		7,500		7,500		516		(6,984)
Revenue from Federal Sources:								
Grants-in-Aid:								
Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal								
government through an intermediate source		1,500		1,500		2,331		831
Total Revenues		643,470		643,470		660,513		17,043
Expenditures								
Instructional Services:								
Programs for special education		528,241		528,241		522,520		5,721
Support Services:								
Students:								
Early Childhood services		3,390		3,390				3,390
Psychological services		23,010		23,010		22,664		346
Student pathology		9,943		9,943		9,360		583
Student therapy services		6,886		6,886		5,965		921
Other special education costs		72,000		92,381		103,342		(10,961)
Total Expenditures		643,470		663,851		663,851		
Net Change in Fund Balance				(20,381)		(3,338)		17,043
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		536,613		536,613		536,613		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	536,613	\$	516,232	\$	533,275	\$	17,043

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2024

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the School Board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- b. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- c. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- d. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- e. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except fiduciary funds.
- f. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted except as indicated in Item (h).
- g. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total School District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No number of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- h. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- i. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- j. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- k. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) South Dakota Retirement System

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1223870%	0.1247560%	0.1154370%	0.1133881%	0.1153866%	0.1145636%	0.1060729%	0.0865168%	0.0850305%	0.0781128%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (11,946)	\$ (11,790)	\$ (884,050)	\$ (4,924)	\$ (12,228)	\$ (2,672)	\$ (9,626)	\$ 292,245	\$ (360,639)	\$ (562,770)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,156,785	\$ 3,017,534	\$ 2,617,076	\$ 2,487,538	\$ 2,454,331	\$ 2,381,666	\$ 2,090,452	\$ 1,593,627	\$ 1,552,414	\$ 1,365,986
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.39%	33.78%	-0.20%	-0.50%	-0.11%	-0.46%	18.34%	-23.23%	-41.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		100.10%	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

Note: The information disclosed for each fiscal year is reported as the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is June 30 of the preceding year.

Schedule of the School District Contributions South Dakota Retirement System

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 155,291	\$ 189,407	\$ 181,036	\$ 157,007	\$ 149,169	\$ 147,130	\$ 143,931	\$ 125,428	\$ 95,618	\$ 93,145
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	\$ 155,291	\$ 189,407	181,036	157,007	149,169	147,130	143,931	125,428	95,618	93,145
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,588,240	\$ 3,156,785	\$ 3,017,534	\$ 2,617,076	\$ 2,487,538	\$ 2,454,331	\$ 2,381,666	\$ 2,090,452	\$ 1,593,627	\$ 1,552,414
Contributions as a percentage of employee-covered payroll	f 6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	5.99%	6.04%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of Pension Contributions
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes to the plan provisions or actuarial methods and one change to the actuarial assumptions from the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows.

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2023 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and emergency medical services personnel prospectively became Class B Public Safety members.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. For the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 2.10%.

As of June 30, 2023, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. The July 2024 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.91%. For this June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.91%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.